# SUMMARY OF LEGISLATIVE ACTION ON THE BUDGET BILL 1986-87

JULY 1986

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#### **OVERVIEW**

This report summarizes the fiscal effect of the 1986 Budget Act (AB 3217). In addition, it highlights the funding levels approved for the state's major programs in 1986-87, as well as the overall effect of the budget on the size of the state's workforce.

The expenditure and surplus estimates contained in this report are not predictions of what the final budget totals for fiscal year 1986-87 will be. Rather, these estimates simply reflect (1) the most recent projections of revenue to the General Fund, (2) the administration's assumptions about caseloads under "open-ended" programs, and (3) legislative action completed through June 30, 1986. As the fiscal year progresses, these estimates will be revised to reflect such factors as:

- Unanticipated economic developments;
- Changes in the rates of expenditure under entitlement programs,
   such as Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC) and
   Medi-Cal;
- The enactment of new legislation;
- Administrative actions taken by the executive branch;
- Decisions handed down by the courts; and
- Actions taken by the Congress and the President on the 1987 federal budget.

#### THE 1986 BUDGET ACT

The Budget Act for 1986-87 (Ch 186/86) was signed by the Governor on June 25, 1986. Table 1 presents a chronological summary of the changes made to the budget since it was proposed by the Governor on January 10, 1986.

#### The Governor's Budget

Table 1 indicates that in his January budget, the Governor proposed that the state spend \$36.7 billion during fiscal year 1986-87. This amount included:

- \$30.7 billion in General Fund expenditures;
- \$5.5 billion in special funds expenditures; and
- \$0.5 billion in selected bond fund expenditures.

Subsequently, the Governor proposed changes to this spending plan that increased the total by \$411 million. These changes included an <a href="increase">increase</a> in General Fund spending of \$61 million, a \$70 million <a href="decrease">decrease</a> in special fund spending, and a \$420 million <a href="increase">increase</a> in spending from selected bond funds.

Thus, as Table 1 shows, the Governor's revised budget called for expenditures totaling \$37.1 billion, of which \$30.8 billion was to come from the General Fund.

Table 1 Summary of Action Taken on the 1986 Budget Act (dollars in millions)<sup>a</sup>

	E	Expenditures					
	General Fund	Special Funds	Selected Bond Funds	<u>Total</u>			
Governor's Budget as submitted (January)	\$30,698.9	\$5,514.5	\$525.4	\$36,738.9			
Changes initiated by the administration	61.1		419.5	410.6			
Governor's Budget as revised (May)	\$30,760.0	\$5,444.5	\$944.9	\$37,149.5			
Changes to the Governor's Budget made by the Legislature:							
Funding Reductions Funding Increases	-329.2 596.8	-128.7 74.7	-42.3 50.8	-500.2 722.3			
Gubernatorial changes:							
Re-estimates Amounts vetoed	5.0 -675.2	-17.0	-24.3	5.0 -716.5			
Nonattainment of PERS-related savings Repayment of school loans	190.8 -55.8	40.1		230.9 -55.8			
Budget as Chaptered	\$30,492.4	\$5,413.6	\$929.0	\$36,835.2			
Additional changes to the budget proposed by the Governor:	.•						
PERS legislation Restoration of funding General Services funds	-190.8 283.1 9.5	-40.1  		-230.9 283.1 9.5			
Budget as revised, plus proposed revisions	\$30,594.2 <sup>b</sup>	\$5,373.5	\$929.0	\$36,896.9 <sup>b</sup>			

Details may not add to totals due to rounding.
These figures differ from the administration's figures due to a difference in the accounting for specific loans to school districts.

#### Legislative Action on the Governor's Budget

Legislative action on the Governor's Budget resulted in a net expenditure increase of \$222 million. This reflected a \$268 million increase in General Fund spending, a \$54 million decrease in special fund spending, and a \$9 million increase in spending from selected bond funds. As a result, the Legislature approved expenditures by the state totaling \$37.4 billion for 1986-87.

#### Amounts Vetoed by the Governor

The Governor vetoed a total of \$717 million from the Budget Bill.

This amount, which represents 1.9 percent of total expenditures approved by the Legislature, consists of:

- \$675 million appropriated from the General Fund (2.2 percent of approved expenditures);
- \$17 million appropriated from special funds (0.3 percent); and
- \$24 million appropriated from selected bond funds (2.6 percent).

The Governor recognized that certain PERS-related savings anticipated in the budget would not be attainable without authorizing legislation. Because legislation authorizing these savings had not yet been passed by the Legislature, the Governor vetoed \$283.1 million from the General Fund for 12 programs he supported. These vetoes, which are reflected in the \$675 million identified above, could be restored if the legislation authorizing the PERS-related savings is passed by the Legislature. In order to reflect the costs which will be incurred by the state in the absence of this legislation, we have <u>increased</u> estimated General Fund expenditures by \$191 million and special fund expenditures by \$40 million.

The net effect of the actions taken by the Governor in signing the 1986-87 Budget Bill <u>reduced</u> state expenditures by \$481 million, relative to the level approved by the Legislature.

In acting on the Budget Bill, the Governor made a number of significant changes to the amounts appropriated by the Legislature. Among the more important of these changes, the Governor:

#### State and Consumer Services

#### Department of General Services:

--Deleted \$9.5 million from the General Fund for state Capitol and security expenses. The administration has indicated that these services will continue to be provided, but has not indicated the source of funds to be used.

#### Business, Transportation and Housing

#### Housing and Community Development:

--Deleted \$23.3 million (\$13.2 million General Fund) for various low-income housing programs.

#### • Department of Transportation:

- --Eliminated a \$55 million transfer from the General Fund to the Transportation Planning and Development (TP and D) Account for mass transportation programs;
- --Reduced by \$29.6 million the TP and D Account appropriation for the Transit Capital Improvements Program;
- --Reduced by \$25.4 million the TP and D Account appropriation for the State Transportation Assistance Program;

--Eliminated 17.7 personnel-years and \$700,000 from the State Transportation Fund for snow removal.

#### Resources

#### • Air Resources Board:

--Reduced from \$2 million to \$500,000 a legislative augmentation from the Motor Vehicle Account for special grants to air pollution control districts.

#### • Department of Parks and Recreation:

--Reduced local assistance grants by \$3,695,000 (\$3,590,000 from bond funds), including \$1.4 million for a grant to the County of Los Angeles for additional land and facilities at the Hollywood Bowl.

#### • Santa Monica Mountains Conservancy:

--Eliminated \$1 million from special funds for grants to nonprofit organizations.

#### • State Water Resources Control Board:

- --Eliminated \$7,698,000 from the General Fund for 158 personnelyears of staff to oversee the cleanup of hazardous substances from leaking underground storage tanks.
- --Reduced funding and staff to evaluate hydrogeological assessment reports (HARs) from the owners of toxic pits by \$1,528,000 from special funds and 28.6 personnel-years (these funds and staff were a reserve to assure the ability to evaluate additional HARs that may result from increased enforcement and surveillance efforts).

#### Health

#### • Preventive Health Programs:

- --Eliminated \$50 million (General Fund) from the Medically Indigent Service Program base budget.
- --Eliminated \$4.9 million (General Fund) for a 1 percent COLA for the Medically Indigent Services Program.
- --Deleted augmentations totaling \$4 million (General Fund) for rural health services.
- --Deleted an augmentation of \$4.3 million (General Fund) for family planning services. A portion of the funds (\$1.3 million) would have been used to support testing for chlamydia.
- --Reduced the legislative augmentations for AIDS by \$13.3 million (\$10.3 million General Fund).

#### • Medi-Cal:

- --Lowered the obstetric provider rate increase from 80.5 percent to 26.5 percent, resulting in a decrease of \$23 million (\$11.5 million General Fund).
- --Deleted \$77 million (\$38.5 million General Fund) for various rate increases for hospital services.
- --Deleted \$24 million (\$12 million General Fund) for rate increases for providers receiving discretionary COLAs.
- --Deleted \$2.4 million (\$1.2 million General Fund) for rate increases for adult day health care services.
- --Reduced \$50 million (\$25 million General Fund) from the Medi-Cal base budget "to adjust...for an acceleration of provider claims received in the current year."

--Deleted \$21.4 million (\$10.7 million General Fund) to reflect the elimination of nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs from the Medi-Cal drug formulary.

#### • Developmental Services:

- --Eliminated \$10.8 million (General Fund) for a 5 percent COLA for residential care providers.
- --Deleted \$3 million (General Fund) to reduce the COLA for nonresidential care providers from 3 percent to 1 percent.

#### • Mental Health:

- --Deleted a \$2.6 million (General Fund) augmentation for a 72-bed facility in Los Angeles County.
- --Eliminated an augmentation of \$4.8 million (General Fund) for AIDS mental health services.

#### Welfare and Employment

## • California Department of Aging

--Eliminated \$1.5 million in General Fund monies for Adult Day
Health Care providers in order to provide services to AIDS
victims.

### • Department of Alcohol and Drug Programs:

- --Eliminated \$3 million in General Fund monies for drug programs in Los Angeles and specified Bay Area counties. These programs would have provided prevention, intervention, and treatment services to intravenous drug users who are at risk of contracting or who have contracted AIDS.
- --Eliminated \$1,027,000 in federal funds and 1.9 personnel-years in order for the state to subcontract with the counties to monitor SSI recipients who receive alcohol treatment services.

#### • Employment Development Department (EDD):

--Eliminated \$1,385,000 appropriated from federal funds for employment programs for the deaf and hearing impaired, agricultural workers, and disabled youth.

#### • Department of Rehabilitation:

- --Reduced the COLA for Work Activity Program providers from 3 percent to 1 percent for a reduction of \$1.3 million.
- --Eliminated \$1.7 million which was reappropriated from the General Fund to provide special cost adjustments to Work Activity Program providers.

#### • Department of Social Services (DSS):

- --Eliminated \$8.85 million appropriated from the General Fund to
  (a) offset a \$6.1 million reduction in federal funds due to
  Gramm-Rudman-Hollings reductions and (b) provide \$2.75 million
  for potential growth in caseload and hours of service for the
  In-Home Supportive Services (IHSS) program.
- --Eliminated \$7.5 million from the General Fund as a reduction in the base funding level of the IHSS program.
- --Eliminated \$10.6 million from the General Fund as a result of reducing the COLA for IHSS providers from 4 percent to 1 percent.
- --Eliminated \$10.1 million in General Fund support from the base of the Child Welfare Services program.
- --Eliminated \$11.2 million from the General Fund as a result of reducing the COLA for AFDC Foster Family Homes from 5.1 percent to 1 percent and to provide no COLA to Foster Group Homes.

#### Department of Economic Opportunity:

--Eliminated \$1.3 million appropriated from the General Fund to replace a reduction in federal funds from the Community

Services Block Grant program due to Gramm-Rudman-Hollings reductions.

#### Criminal Justice

#### • Judicial Local Assistance:

--Deleted a \$5 million legislative augmentation from the General Fund for initial implementation of the Trial Court Funding Act of 1985, a measure which establishes state funding for the trial courts.

#### • Department of Justice:

--Deleted an augmentation of \$1 million from the General Fund and 31.7 personnel-years provided by the Legislature for salary savings relief.

### • Office of Criminal Justice Planning:

--Eliminated a new Local Toxics Enforcement and Training
Program, for a reduction of \$1,150,000 from the Hazardous
Waste Control Account, General Fund.

#### K-12 Education

- --Eliminated a total of \$113.5 million in General Fund support (including COLAs) for Urban Impact Aid, Meade Aid, Small School District Aid, and the Education Improvement Incentive Program;
- --Eliminated a \$39.3 million General Fund augmentation to provide full funding for the estimated costs to court-ordered

- and voluntary school desegregation programs in 1985-86 and 1986-87;
- --Deleted \$27.6 million appropriated from the General Fund for cost-of-living adjustments to various education programs;
- --Eliminated a \$7.8 million General Fund augmentation to provide full funding for enrollment growth in grades K-6 (School Improvement Program);
- --Eliminated \$4.3 million appropriated from the General Fund to increase participation in the Mentor Teacher program;
- --Eliminated a \$3.0 million General Fund augmentation to increase participation in the Gifted and Talented Education (GATE) program;
- --Eliminated \$2.2 million appropriated from the General Fund for equalization of county juvenile hall programs' revenue limits, pursuant to AB 75 (Ch 1597/85);
- --Deleted a \$1.7 million General Fund augmentation to expand adult literacy programs in public libraries;
- --Eliminated a \$1.0 million General Fund augmentation for "parent involvement programs" in public school; and
- --Eliminated a \$1.0 million General Fund augmentation to train teachers to provide classroom instruction in sexually transmitted diseases, including AIDS.

#### **Higher Education**

#### • The University of California:

--Deleted \$20.5 million appropriated from the General Fund for staff merit increases and price adjustments;

- --Deleted \$2.0 million appropriated from the General Fund for janitorial workload improvements; and
- --Deleted \$1.3 million appropriated from the General Fund for expansion of the 4-H program for minority youths.

#### • <u>California State University</u>:

- --Deleted \$10.4 million appropriated from the General Fund for staff merit salary adjustments and price increases;
- --Deleted \$2.0 million appropriated from the General Fund for the Continuing Education concurrent enrollment program; and
- --Deleted \$2.1 million (\$1.1 million in CSU's budget and \$1.0 million in the State Department of Education budget) appropriated from the General Fund for the Minority Underrepresentation and Teaching Improvement Program.

#### <u>California Community Colleges:</u>

- --Deleted \$34.2 million appropriated from the General Fund for a "one-time" revenue adjustment for districts experiencing a decline in average daily attendance;
- --Deleted \$21.0 million appropriated from the General Fund for a student counseling, advisement and assessment program;
- --Deleted \$10.0 million appropriated from the General Fund for a local staff development program;
- --Deleted \$3.0 million from the General Fund for growth in the disabled students program.

#### General Government

- California Public Broadcasting Commission:
  - --Eliminated an augmentation of \$3.5 million from the General Fund added by the Legislature to restore the commission's funding.

#### • Department of Industrial Relations:

--Eliminated \$2.2 million (General Fund) in funding for (1) workplace health and safety inspections, (2) a reduction in salary savings, and (3) additional workers' compensation judge teams.

#### Capital Outlay

- State Coastal Conservancy:
  - --Eliminated \$1 million from bond funds for two projects.
- Department of Parks and Recreation:
  - --Deleted \$6,004,000 (\$5,372,000 from bond funds and \$632,000 from special funds) to eliminate five projects and reduce funding for two projects.
- Santa Monica Mountains Conservancy:
  - --Eliminated \$4,232,000 (\$4 million from bond funds and \$232,000 from special funds), including \$2 million for the Inner Valley Ranch in Glendale and \$2 million for Runyon Canyon in Los Angeles.

#### Further Changes to the Budget Proposed by the Governor

In his veto message, the Governor reduced funding for 12 programs he supports by \$283.1 million (General Fund) in order to maintain the "necessary" level of funding for the reserve for economic uncertainties.

He indicated that he would join the Legislature to appropriate funds for these programs once the Legislature passes legislation authorizing the PERS-related savings contemplated by the Legislature in its action on the budget. The specific items are as follows:

	Dollars in Millions
<ul> <li>General Fund transfer to Transportation Planning and Development Account</li> </ul>	\$35.0
<ul> <li>Medi-Cal         <ul> <li>-Nonsteroidal Anti-Inflammatory Drugs</li> <li>-Intermediate Care Facilities/</li></ul></li></ul>	10.7 <sup>a</sup>
Rate Increase	1.2 <sup>a</sup>
<ul> <li>Medically Indigent Services</li> </ul>	50.0
• Social Services Programs 5 percent reduction	17.6
<ul> <li>Education         <ul> <li>-Small School Districts Transportation</li> <li>-Education Improvement Incentive Program</li> <li>-Urban Impact Aid</li> <li>-Meade Aid</li> <li>-Community Colleges: Aid to Districts with declining ADA</li> <li>-Community colleges: Matriculation</li> <li>-Conformity Cost-of-Living Adjustments</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	19.9 6.8 75.4 10.3 34.2 21.0
Total	\$283.1

a. Also results in equal federal fund reduction.

#### TOTAL EXPENDITURES

Table 2 shows the level of state expenditures approved for 1986-87 and compares it to the level of expenditures in 1984-85 and 1985-86. These figures do not reflect the further changes to the budget proposed by the Governor.

Total state expenditures authorized for 1986-87, including expenditures from the General Fund, special funds and selected bond funds, amount to \$36.8 billion. This is:

- \$315 million <u>less</u> than the amount proposed by the Governor in May, and
- $$649 \text{ million } \underline{\text{more}}$  than the estimated level of expenditures in 1985-86.

<u>General Fund</u> expenditures for 1986-87 amount to \$30,492 million. This is:

- \$268 million <u>less</u> than the amount proposed by the Governor in May, and
- \$1,480 million, or 5.1 percent, <u>more</u> than the estimated level of General Fund expenditures in 1985-86.

#### Historical Perspective on General Fund Expenditures

To put this year's budget in perspective, we must compare the level of expenditures authorized for 1986-87 with the level of expenditures in recent years.

State spending in "current" and "real" dollars. Spending levels can be compared in two different ways--in "current" dollars and in "real" dollars. "Current" dollars make no allowance for the effects of inflation

on purchasing power. In contrast, "real" dollars represent current dollars adjusted to <u>remove</u> the effects of inflation. The use of "real" dollars provides the best means of measuring the true growth in spending.

Table 2 The 1986 Budget Act

# Total Expenditures 1984-85 through 1986-87 (dollars in millions)<sup>a</sup>

	1984-85	1985-86	1986-87		e From 5-86
Fund	Estimated b	<u>Estimated</u> <sup>b</sup>	<u>Enacted</u> <sup>D</sup>	Amount	Percent
General Fund	\$25,737 <sup>c</sup>	\$29,013	\$30,492	\$1,480	5.1%
Special funds	4,651	5,592	5,414		<u>-3.2</u>
Budget Expenditures	\$30,388	\$34,605	\$35,906	\$1,301	3.8%
Selected bond funds	588	1,581	929	<u>-652</u>	<u>-41.2</u>
State Expenditures	\$30,976	\$36,186	\$36,835	\$649	1.8%
Federal funds	13,372	14,865	14,728	<u>-137</u>	-0.9
Governmental Expenditures	\$44,348	\$51,051	\$51,563	\$512	1.0%
Nongovernmental cost funds	8,917	10,298	11,016	718	<u>7.0</u>
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$53,265	\$61,349	\$62,579	\$1,230	2.0%

Details may not add to totals due to rounding.

Source: 1985-86 and 1986-87 General Fund expenditures represent Department of Finance's estimate as of June 25, 1986; all other fund expenditure estimates are Department of Finance estimates from the 1986 Governor's Budget.

c. Source: State Controller.

Table 3 shows General Fund spending from 1980-81 through 1986-87, in both current and real dollars. It indicates that measured in <u>current</u> dollars, General Fund expenditures in 1986-87 will exceed 1985-86 expenditures by 5.1 percent. When expenditures are adjusted for inflation and expressed in <u>real</u> terms, however, the size of the increase is cut by almost four-fifths. Table 3 shows that, using 1980-81 as the base year, real expenditures in 1986-87 will increase by only 0.9 percent above the 1985-86 level.

Per capita spending. Another means for comparing trends in General Fund expenditures is to examine spending on a per capita basis. In 1980-81, the state spent from the General Fund approximately \$886 per Californian. In current dollars, the approved 1986-87 budget provides for expenditures totaling approximately \$1,137 per citizen, or 28 percent more than the 1980-81 level. When per capita General Fund expenditures are adjusted for inflation, however, the level drops to \$822, or 7 percent less than it was in 1980-81.

#### Total Expenditures, by Function

Table 4 shows the distribution of budget expenditures among the <a href="https://doi.org/10.2016/j.com/html/thee-major-spending-spending-state-state-state-state-spending-spending-spending-state-state-spending-s

#### Total Expenditures, by Program

Table 5 illustrates how state General Fund spending is distributed among individual program areas. Spending in the K-12 education area accounts for the largest percentage of total state General Fund

Table 3 The 1986 Budget Act

# Trends in General Fund Expenditures 1980-81 through 1986-87 (dollars in millions)

	Change Current Amount		Expendit 1980 D Amount	ures ollars Percent	Change Current Amount	in Per Car Dollars Percent	oita Expen 1980 Amount	ditures <sub>b</sub> Dollars Percent
1980-81	\$21,066		\$21,066		\$886		\$886	
1981-82	21,695	3.0%	20,174	-4.2%	896	1.1%	833	-6.0%
1982-83	21,755	0.3	19,058	-5.5	880	-1.8	772	-7.3
1983-84	22,872	5.1	19,111	. 0.3	908	2.8	759	-1.7
1984-85	25,737	12.5	20,384	6.7	1,004	10.6	796	4.9
1985-86 <sup>C</sup> (est.)	29,013	12.7	21,852	7.2	1,129	12.5	851	6.9
1986-87 (enacte	30,492 d)	5.1	22,048	0.9	1,137	0.7	822	-3.4

Source: State Controller.
"1980 Dollars" equal current dollars deflated by the change in the Gross National Product implicit price deflator for state and local purchases of goods and services since 1980-81.

c. Source: Department of Finance.

Table 4 The 1986 Budget Act

# General Fund, Special Fund, and Bond Fund Expenditures, By Function 1984-85 through 1986-87 (dollars in millions)

	1984-85	1985-86	1986-87	198	e From 5-86
	Actual <sup>b</sup>	<u>Estimated</u> <sup>C</sup>	<u>Enacted</u> <sup>C</sup>	Amount	Percent
General Fund:					
State Operations Local Assistance Capital Outlay Unclassified	\$5,799 19,929 9	\$7,173 21,761 79	\$7,462 23,030  	\$289 1,269 -79	4.0% 5.8 -100.0 
SUBTOTALS	\$25,737 <sup>d</sup>	\$29,013	\$30,492	\$1,480	5.1%
Special Funds:					
State Operations Local Assistance Capital Outlay Unclassified	\$2,009 2,349 282 11	\$2,329 2,690 561 12	\$2,466 2,484 453 12	\$137 -206 -108	5.9% -7.7 -19.3
SUBTOTALS	\$4,651	\$5,592	\$5,415	-\$177	-3.2%
Selected Bond Funds:					
State Operations Local Assistance Capital Outlay Unclassified	\$8 471 109 	\$15 785 781 	\$24 486 419 	\$9 -299 -362 	0.6% -38.1 -46.4 
SUBTOTALS	\$588	\$1,581	\$929	-\$652	-41.2%
STATE EXPENDITURES:					
State Operations Local Assistance Capital Outlay Unclassified	\$7,816 22,749 400 11	\$9,517 25,236 1,421 12	\$9,952 26,000 873 12	\$435 764 -548	4.6% 3.0 -3.9 
TOTALS	\$30,976	\$36,186	\$36,837	\$651	1.8%

<sup>a. Details may not add to totals due to rounding.
b. Source: 1986 Governor's Budget.
c. Source: 1986 Governor's Budget, May Revision and 1986 Budget Act.
d. Source: State Controller.</sup> 

Table 5 The 1986 Budget Act

# General Fund Expenditures, by Program 1984-85 through 1986-87 (dollars in millions)

Program	1984-85 Estimated	1985-86 Estimated	1986-87 Enacted	Change F Amount	rom 1985-86 Percent
Health and Welfare:  Medi-Cal County health SSI/SSP grants AFDC grants	\$1,997.8 877.0 1,248.6 1,591.8	\$2,284.1 969.4 1,416.4 1,797.2	\$2,295.0 934.3 1,600.3 1,871.9	\$10.9 -35.1 183.9 74.7	0.5% -3.6 13.0 4.2
Mental health Developmental Services Social Services L.A. County Med. Asst. Prg.	629.9 672.1 234.0 200.0	756.1 743.0 318.1	828.3 451.8 409.8	72.2 <sub>d</sub> -291.2 <sup>d</sup> 91.7	9.5 -39.2 28.8 
Other, health/welfare	500.5	590.2	582.3	<u>-7.9</u>	<u>-1.3</u>
SUBTOTALS	\$7,951.7	\$8,874.4	\$8,973.7	\$99.3	1.1%
Education: K-12 State Teachers' Retirement Univ. of California California State Univ. CA Community Colleges Other, Postsecondary  SUBTOTALS  Other Programs:	\$9,661.9 336.9 1,457.1 1,398.2 1,117.7 106.8 \$13,971.8	\$10,691.1 418.6 1,646.4 1,505.7 1,182.5 131.6 \$15,575.9	•	\$802.0 44.3 149.2 116.9 19.1 9.0 \$1,140.7	7.5% 10.6 9.1 7.8 1.6 6.8 7.3%
Youth and Adult Corrections Resources Business, Transportation, and Housing	\$1,046.2 388.8 58.1	\$1,292.5 456.5 69.0	\$1,510.4 445.0 58.6	\$217.9 -11.5 -10.4	-2.5 -15.1
Tax relief Employee compensation (civil service)	845.3 <sub>e</sub>	855.4 <sub>e</sub>	846.0 163.8	-9.4 163.8	-1.1
Debt service Capital Outlay Unallocated All other	466.1 7.2  1,001.3	550.0 79.3 27.2 1,232.6	637.9  1.9 1,138.5	87.9 -79.3 -25.3 -94.1	16.0 -100.0 -93.0 <u>-7.6</u>
SUBTOTALS	\$3,813.0	\$4,562.5	\$4,802.1	\$239.6	5.3%
TOTALS	\$25,736.5	\$29,012.8	\$30,492.4	\$1,479.6	5.1%

Details may not add to totals due to rounding.

b. Source: State Controller.c. Source: Based on data provided by the Department of Finance.

This reduction reflects a change in the accounting for reimbursements received from state hospitals under the Medi-Cal program.

Included in program amounts.

expenditures—over 39 percent. Health and welfare programs account for the second largest percentage of General Fund expenditures (29 percent), followed by postsecondary higher education (10 percent) and property tax relief (3 percent). The table also shows that the programs receiving the largest dollar increases in <u>General Fund</u> support during 1986-87 are K-12 education, youth and adult corrections, SSI/SSP grants, debt service, mental health, and postsecondary education. Youth and adult corrections will receive \$217.9 million more in 1986-87 than the amount spent in this program area during 1985-86, while SSI/SSP grants will be increased by \$183.9 million.

Tables 6 through 9 show how <u>total</u> funding for K-12 and postsecondary education programs (including funding from sources other than the General Fund) has increased. Table 10 displays what the increases in the cash grant assistance programs will mean for the individual recipient of the welfare benefits.

K-12 Education. As Table 6 shows, the budget provides \$19.2 billion, all funds, for K-12 education in 1986-87. This is an increase of \$1,492 million, or 8.4 percent over what was available in 1985-86. In terms of the amount spent per unit of average daily attendance (ADA), the 1986-87 funding level provides \$4,178 per ADA, which is an increase of 5.3 percent above the 1985-86 level. (These figures assume that the public schools will receive \$330.9 million from the state lottery in 1986-87.)

Of the total amount that will be available for K-12 education in 1986-87, \$11,953 million will come from the state's General Fund. This is an increase of \$968 million, or 8.8 percent, over the amount provided in 1985-86.

Table 6 The 1986 Budget Act

# Total Revenues for K-12 Education (dollars in millions)

		1986-87			et Act rsus		et Act	
	Estimated	Proposed by	Budget as		35-86	Versus Governor's Budget		
	1985-86	Governor	Enacted	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent	
State:								
General Fund Special funds	\$10,984.5 <sup>a</sup> 51.5	\$12,038.0 50.5	\$11,952.8 50.5	\$968.3 1.1	8.8% -2.1	-\$85.3 	-0.7% 	
Subtotals, State	\$11,036.0	\$12,088.5	\$12,003.2	\$967.2	8.8%	<b>-</b> \$85 <b>.</b> 3	-0.7%	
Local:	,							
Property tax Levies	\$3,220.1	\$3,373.1	\$3,373.1	\$153.0	4.8%			
Subtotals, State and Local	\$14,256.2	\$15,461.6	\$15,376.4	\$1,120.2	7.9%	-\$85.3	-0.6%	
Other:								
Federal State capital outlay Local debt service Local miscellaneous Lottery Fund	\$1,166.5 513.3 406.9 1,138.9 241.8	\$1,373.3 485.0 389.7 1,253.5 330.9	\$1,374.1 <sup>b</sup> 491.2 <sup>c</sup> 389.7 1,253.5 330.9	\$207.6 -22.1 -17.3 114.7 89.1	17.8% -4.3 -4.2 10.1 36.8	\$0.8 6.2  	0.1% 1.3  	
Subtotals, Other	\$3,467.4	\$3,832.4	\$3,839.4	\$372.0	10.7%	\$6.9	0.2%	
Totals	\$17,723.6	\$19,294.1	\$19,215.7	\$1,492.1	8.4%	-\$78.4	-0.4%	

<sup>a. Includes \$23.8 million General Fund augmentation provided in the annual deficiency bill, Assembly Bill 3293.
b. Total 1986-87 federal revenues include \$85.8 million in federal capital outlay funds carried over from the prior year.
c. Total 1986-87 revenues for capital outlay include \$389.6 million carried over from the prior year.</sup> 

d. Governor's Budget estimate.

Total funding from state and local sources (excluding capital outlay, miscellaneous revenues, and lottery revenues) will increase by a net \$1,120 million, or 7.9 percent. Funding for cost-of-living adjustments (\$731 million) and enrollment growth (\$262 million) accounts for the bulk of this net increase. Additional increases include \$108 million for the third, and final, year of the "longer school day" program established by SB 813; \$50 million to establish new--and expand existing--special education programs; \$50 million for increased costs of school desegregation programs; \$48 million for increased contributions to the State Teachers' Retirement Fund; and \$22 million for additional school finance equalization aid.

Partially offsetting these increases are reductions of \$112 million to eliminate funding for Urban Impact Aid and three other categorical education programs; \$38 million to reflect school districts' savings from reduced PERS contribution rates; and \$31 million to reflect a funding shift to reimbursements for child care services provided AFDC recipients.

Table 7 provides a historical perspective for the per-ADA increases. The table shows that 1986-87 will be the fourth consecutive year in which school districts will receive an increase in the purchasing power of their allocations per ADA.

Table 7
The 1986 Budget Act

Trends in Total Revenues for K-12 Education
1977-78 through 1986-87

				Total Fund		
	Total		Current		<u>1977-78</u>	
	Funding (millions)	ADA	Amount	Percent Change	Amount	Percent Change
	(1111110113)	<u>NDA</u>	Alloute	change	Allount	change
1977-78	\$9,516.6	4,652,486	\$2,045		\$2,045	
1978-79	9,425.6	4,271,181	2,207	7.9%	2,035	-0.5%
1979-80	10,981.6	4,206,150	2,611	18.3	2,175	6.9
1980-81	12,341.2	4,214,089	2,929	12.2	2,225	2.3
1981-82	12,615.4	4,200,678	3,003	2.5	2,122	-4.6
1982-83	12,864.1	4,230,065	3,041	1.3	2,025	-4.6
1983-84	14,144.2	4,259,631	3,321	9.2	2,109	4.1
1984-85	15,674.2	4,348,762	3,604	8.5	2,169	2.9
1985-86 (estimated)	17,723.6	4,467,127	3,968	10.1	2,271	4.7
1986-87 (as enacted)	19,215.7	4,599,112	4,178	5.3	2,301	1.3

Postsecondary Education. As Table 8 shows, the budget provides \$4.6 billion in state funds to support the various segments of postsecondary education. This is an increase of \$271.1 million, or 6.2 percent, above the amount provided in 1985-86. Among the three major segments of postsecondary education, the University of California will receive the largest increase in state support--8.4 percent, and the California State University will receive a 7.5 percent increase. The California Community Colleges will receive a 2 percent increase in state funding.

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Table 8
The 1986 Budget Act

Total State Aid to Postsecondary Education<sup>a</sup>

		1986-87			et Act rsus	Budge Ver	
	1985-86	Governor's	Budget	198	5-86	Governor'	s Budget
	<u>Estimated</u>	Budget	Act	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Support Budget: (in thousands) University of California California State University California Community Colleges Other Postsecondary	\$1,667,652 1,292,406 1,262,040 131,531	\$1,814,315 1,389,922 1,322,824 142,268	\$1,806,921 1,389,847 1,287,508 140,468	\$139,269 97,441 25,468 8,937	8.4% 7.5 2.0 6.8	-\$7,394 -75 -35,316 -1,800	-0.4% -0.1 -2.7 -1.3
Totals, Support	\$4,353,629	\$4,669,329	\$4,624,744	\$271,115	6.2%	-\$44,585	0.9%
Capital Outlay Budget: (in thousands) University of California California State University California Community Colleges Other Postsecondary	\$148,573 60,831 28,304 148	\$163,065 116,495 40,200 365	\$159,193 110,562 38,566 335	\$10,620 49,731 10,262 187	7.1% 81.8 36.3 126.4	-\$3,872 -5,933 -1,634 -30	-2.4% -5.1 -4.1 -8.2
Totals, Capital Outlay	\$237,856	\$320,125	\$308,656	\$70,800	29.8%	-\$11,469	-3.6%
Student Fee Assumptions: (Fee per academic year) University of California Graduate students Undergraduates	\$1,369 1,326	\$1,369 1,326	\$1,369 1,326		 		 
California State University: Graduates Undergraduates California Community Colleges	573 573 100	573 573 100	573 573 100			 	 

a. Includes lottery proceeds. Excludes student fee revenues appropriated from the General Fund to the California State University.

Table 9 displays the total funding for community colleges, measured on a per ADA basis, in both constant and current dollars. The table shows that in 1986-87, the community colleges will receive an increase of 1.8 percent per ADA over the 1985-86 funding level. After adjusting for inflation, however, we find that 1986-87 will be the first year since 1982-83 that the community colleges will receive a decrease in real funding per ADA.

Table 9
The 1986 Budget Act

Trends in Total Revenues for California Community Colleges
1977-78 through 1986-87

			Total Funding Per ADA			
	Total	Average	Current		1977-78	
	Funding (millions)	Daily Attendance	Amount	Percent Change	Amount	Percent Change
	(1111110113)	A C C C H C	MIOGITE	onunge	Amount	onunge
1977-78	\$1,515.2	718,303	\$2,109		\$2,109	
1978-79	1,421.0	635,372	2,236	6.0%	2,065	-2.1%
1979-80	1,608.8	670,623	2,399	7.3	2,019	-2.2
1980-81	1,870.0	725,514	2,491	3.8	1,914	-5.2
1981-82	1,864.7	750,715	2,484	-0.3	1,771	<b>-7.</b> 5
1982-83	1,835.0	728,856	2,518	1.4	1,682	-5.0
1983-84	1,862.9	665,166	2,801	11.2	1,762	4.7
1984-85	2,098.1	645,414	3,251	16.1	1,928	9.4
1985-86 (estimated)	2,247.3	636,282	3,532	8.7	1,983	2.9
1986-87 (as enacted)	2,334.1	649,008	3,596	1.8	1,910	-3.7

AFDC and SSI/SSP Grants. As Table 10 shows, the 1986 Budget provides \$308 million (all funds) for cost-of-living increases to recipients under the AFDC and the SSI/SSP programs. In 1986-87, the maximum cash grant will increase by 5.2 percent for AFDC and 5.1 percent for SSI/SSP.

Table 10
The 1986 Budget Act
Change in Welfare Benefits

Change in Maximum Benefits	1985-86	1986-87	Char Amount	nge Percent <sup>a</sup>
AFDC:				
Family of two	\$474	\$498	\$24	5.1%
Family of three	587	617	30	5.1
Family of four	698	734	36	5.2
	January 1986	January 1987	1/87 ove Amount	er 1/86 Percent <sup>a</sup>
SSI/SSP:				
Blind individual	\$597	\$627	\$30	5.0%
Aged/disabled individual	533	560	27	5.1
Aged/disabled couple	989	1,039	50	5.1
Cost of 1986-87 COLA (dollars in millions)	General Fund	County Funds	Federal Funds	<u>Total</u>
AFDC	\$87.2	\$10.4	\$101.3	\$198.9
SSI/SSP	108.3		0.4	108.7

a. Actual percent increase may not equal 5.1 due to rounding.

#### General Fund Cost-of-Living Adjustments

The 1986 Budget Act provides \$1.4 billion from the General Fund for cost-of-living increases (COLAs) in the amount of funding provided for various state programs. These increases range from 1.0 percent to 26.5 percent.

As Table 11 shows, the largest dollar increase was provided for K-12 education. The budget provides increases for apportionments and categorical programs ranging from 1.0 percent to 6.0 percent. The cost of these increases amounts to \$731 million.

The budget also contains \$317 million for employee compensation increases. This will fund increases of approximately 5.9 percent for civil service employees and nonfaculty employees of the University of California (UC) and the California State University (CSU). The UC and CSU faculty will receive increases ranging from 5.6 percent to 7.0 percent.

Both Supplemental Security Income/State Supplementary Payment (SSI/SSP) and Aid to Families with Dependent Children--Family Group and Unemployed (AFDC/FG and U) recipients will receive a 5.1 percent increase in their benefits, at a total cost to the General Fund of approximately \$195 million.

## Table 11 The 1986 Budget Act

# General Fund Cost-of-Living Adjustments (dollars in thousands)

	Statutory		Increase Provided in 1986-87	
Department/Program	COLA	Percent	Amount	
HEALTH AND WELFARE Health Services	3,73%	2 72%	¢1/ 072	
County Health (AB 8) Medi-Cal	3.73%	3.73%	\$14,973	
Noncontract Hospitals (in- cluding PHPs and RHF) Obstetrical Physician	6.0	6.0 26.5	3,000 4,955	
Beneficiary spin-off Drug Ingredients	5.1 5.0	5.1 5.0	12,000 4,100	
Developmental Services Regional Centers Community Placement Plan		1.0	1,531 66	
State Hospital Education Programs Local Mental Health Programs		1.0 1.0	45 4,600	
Social Services SSI/SSP AFDC/FG & U AFDCFoster Care	5.1 5.1 	5.1 5.1 1.0	108,271 86,249 898	
IHSSStatutory IHSSNonstatutory Community Care Licensing	5.1 	5.1 1.0	639 3,523	
Local Assistance County AdministrationGrants County AdministrationSocial Services:	 	4.3	5,792	
Child Welfare Services Rehabilitation		12.7 1.0	21 530	
SUBTOTAL, Health and Welfare			\$251,193	
CRIMINAL JUSTICE Office of Criminal Justice Planninglocal assistance				
programs Youth Authority County Justice System		1.0	\$110	
Subvention Programs Delinquency Prevention		1.0	666	
projects		1.0	23	
SUBTOTAL, Criminal Justice			\$799	

	Statutory	Increase Provided in 1986-87		
Department/Program	COLA	Percent	Amount	
K-12 EDUCATION Apportionments:				
K-12District Revenue Limits Meals for Needy Pupils Summer School Apprentice Programs Small School District Trans- portation	3.16% 6.0 3.16 	5.49% 6.0 5.49 3.0	\$576,706 1,465 3,637 58	
Transportation		1.0	2,890	
K-12County Offices of Education Regional Occupational	3.16	5.49	10,832	
Centers/Programs Court-Ordered Desegregation Voluntary Desegregation Child Nutrition American Indian Education	3.16 3.16 3.3	3.0 5.49 5.49 3.3	6,118 11,122 2,680 1,232	
Centers Native American Indian		. 1.0	9	
Education Child Care Program Special Education Staff Development Preschool Libraries Meade Aid Urban Impact Aid Gifted and Talented Instructional Materials (K-8) Instructional Materials (9-12) Demonstration Programs in	3.16     6.0 3.6	1.0 1.0 5.49 1.0 1.0 1.0  6.0 3.6 3.0	2,474 80,126 211 355 110 1,202 2,447 646	
Reading and Math Educational Technology Economic Impact Aid Adult Education Adults in Correctional	  6.0	3.0 1.0 1.0 6.0	127 259 1,950 12,819	
Facilities School Improvement Program (K-6) School Improvement Program (7-12) Miller-Unruh Reading Program High School Pupil Counseling Youth Suicide Prevention Specialized Secondary Schools Foster Youth Services Opportunity Classes/Programs <sup>C</sup>	6.0 3.16    	6.0 5.49 1.0 3.0 1.0 1.0	107 10,013 321 579 75 3 21 8	
SUBTOTAL, K-12 Education			\$730,606	

	Statutory		Increase Provided in 1986-87		
Department/Program	COLA	Percent	Amount		
POSTSECONDARY EDUCATION California Community Colleges Apportionments Handicapped Student Services EOPS Apprenticeship Program Transfer Centers Academic Senate Instructional Improvement Fund Deferred Maintenance Employer-Based Training Student Aid Commission-Awards	5.77%	5.77% 1.0 1.0 3.0 1.0 1.0 1.0	\$93,178 279 246 297 18 1 3 70 39 5,147		
SUBTOTAL, Postsecondary Education			\$99,278		
ALL OTHERS State Contribution to STRS Employee Compensation Civil Service and Related University of California California State University Hastings College of the Law	2.65 5.9  	2.65 5.9 5.7 7.0 <sup>d</sup> 5.6	\$4,073 163,805 74,152 78,648 464		
SUBTOTAL, All Others			\$321,142		
TOTAL		\$1	,403,018		

d.

Foster family homes. No COLA for group homes.
Governor vetoed funding for this program, pending enactment of legislation to authorize reduction in PERS contribution rates.
Not applicable (Governor's Budget proposes reappropriation of 1985-86

unexpended balance).
Faculty COLA. Nonfaculty COLA is 5.9 percent.

# Summary of Major Expenditure Changes from 1985-86

Table 12 highlights the  $\underline{\text{major}}$  changes in expenditure levels between 1985-86 and 1986-87.

# Table 12 The 1986 Budget Act

# Major Expenditure Changes From 1985-86 (dollars in millions)

	Expenditure Change From 1985-86			
Description	General Fund Special Fund			
BUSINESS, TRANSPORTATION AND HOUSING				
Department of Transportation				
<ul> <li>Use of State Highway Account funds to backfill loss of federal funds for capital outlay projects</li> </ul>	\$100.0			
<ul> <li>Contracting out for project design and engineering services</li> </ul>	21.0			
<ul> <li>Preventive maintenance for asphalt roads</li> </ul>	20.0			
<ul> <li>Hazardous waste site investigation on highway rights-of-way</li> </ul>	3.0			
<ul> <li>Special Transportation ProgramState Transit Assistance</li> </ul>	-49.5			
• Transit Capital Improvements	-10.4			
Department of Motor Vehicles				
<ul> <li>Added 100 personnel-years for phone mail-appointment system</li> </ul>	2.7			
• Computer replacement project	2.7			
RESOURCES				
Energy Commission				
<ul> <li>Energy conservation loans to local governments and nonprofit institutions</li> </ul>	-5.1			
Department of Water Resources				
<ul> <li>Local flood control subventions</li> </ul>	-6.4			

# Expenditure Change From 1985-86 General Fund Special Funds

Description General Fund Special Funds

HEALTH AND WELFARE		
Medi-Cal		
<ul> <li>Abortion funding</li> </ul>	-\$15.6	
<ul> <li>Deletion of nonsteroidal anti- inflammatory drugs from the formulary</li> </ul>	-10.7	
<ul> <li>Beneficiary COLAs</li> </ul>	12.0	
<ul> <li>Enhanced medical reviews</li> </ul>	-7.5	
Enhanced cost avoidance	-10.0	
<ul> <li>Adjustment for acceleration of current- year provider claims</li> </ul>	-25.0	
Toxics		
<ul> <li>Staff augmentations for hazardous waste regulatory and cleanup programs</li> </ul>		\$11.2
Preventive Health Services		
<ul> <li>Equipment for county health facilities</li> </ul>		-5.0
<ul> <li>Medically Indigent Services Program reduction</li> </ul>	-50.0	
• AIDS programs	8.5	
<ul> <li>COLAS for local mental health programs</li> </ul>	4.6	
<ul> <li>Mentally disordered offender program</li> </ul>	11.9	
<ul> <li>Local assistance augmentation</li> </ul>	25.8	
Department of Rehabilitation		
<ul> <li>Increase in Habilitation Services program</li> </ul>	4.7	
Department of Social Services		
<ul> <li>AFDC cash grantsdue primarily to COLA</li> </ul>	74.7	
<ul> <li>SSI/SSP cash grantsdue primarily to</li> </ul>	183.9	

Expendit	cure Change
From	1985-86

	From 1985-86			
<u>Description</u>	General Fund	Special	Funds	
<ul> <li>IHSSdue primarily to increased caseload and hours of service</li> </ul>	\$45.6			
<ul> <li>Child Welfare Servicesdue primarily to increased caseload and prior-year COLAs</li> </ul>	43.0			
<ul> <li>Employment programsdue primarily to implementation of the GAIN program</li> </ul>	31.2			
YOUTH AND ADULT CORRECTIONS				
Department of Corrections				
<ul> <li>Inmate population growth</li> </ul>	165.1			
<ul> <li>Parolee population growth</li> </ul>	8.2			
<ul> <li>Local assistance to counties</li> </ul>	14.0			
<ul> <li>Lease payments for new Tehachapi prison</li> </ul>	12.5			
Department of the Youth Authority				
<ul> <li>Ward population growth</li> </ul>	14.5			
K-12 EDUCATION				
<ul> <li>5.49 percent COLA for revenue limits, special education, and specified categorical programs; 3.0 percent or 1.0 percent COLA for other categorical programs</li> </ul>	730.6			
<ul> <li>Funding for 3.0 percent growth in statewide average daily attendance</li> </ul>	261.9			
<ul> <li>Full funding for third year of "longer school day" program established by SB 813</li> </ul>	107.9			
<ul> <li>Increased funding for special education to establish new and expand existingprograms</li> </ul>	50.0			
<ul> <li>Increased funding for school districts' costs of court-ordered and voluntary school desegregation</li> </ul>	50.0			

	Expenditure Change From 1985-86			
<u>Description</u>	General Fund	Special Funds		
<ul> <li>Funding for additional revenue limit equalization aid</li> </ul>	\$21.6			
<ul> <li>Full funding for dropout prevention and recovery programs authorized by Ch 1431/85</li> </ul>	10.9			
<ul> <li>Elimination of funding for Urban Impact Aid, Meade Aid, Small School District Aid, and the Education Improvement Incentive Program</li> </ul>	-112.4			
<ul> <li>Recapture of savings to school districts from reduction in 1986-87 PERS contribution rates</li> </ul>	-38.1			
<ul> <li>Shift child care funding for AFDC recipients to reimbursements from Department of Social Services</li> </ul>	-31.0			
<ul> <li>Reduction in school facilities aid</li> </ul>		-\$23.0		
Contributions to State Teachers' Retirement System	<u>n</u>			
• Statutory increases in state's contribution	30.1			
<ul><li>Increased funding for retirees' COLA</li></ul>	38.5			
HIGHER EDUCATION				
The University of California				
<ul> <li>Employee compensation increases (faculty and staff)</li> </ul>	89.3			
<ul> <li>Funding for enrollment increases</li> </ul>	14.7			
<ul> <li>Operation and Maintenance Improvement (\$8.5) Workload (5.1)</li> </ul>	13.6			
<ul> <li>Annualization of 1985-86 faculty salary increase</li> </ul>	10.5			
<ul> <li>Retirement contribution (UCRS) adjustment</li> </ul>	-9.0			

	Expenditure Change From 1985-86			
Description	General Fund	Special Funds		
• Insurance inflation adjustment	\$7.9			
<ul> <li>Budgetary savings adjustment</li> </ul>	7.5			
<ul> <li>Teaching hospital subsidy</li> </ul>	-7.5			
<ul> <li>New or expanded research         AIDS research (\$2.0)         Others (1.8)</li> </ul>	3.8			
• Affirmative action program increases	1.1			
California State University				
<ul> <li>Employee compensation increases (faculty and staff)</li> </ul>	88.7			
<ul> <li>Annualization of 1985-86 faculty salary increase</li> </ul>	23.0			
• Enrollment increase	14.1			
<ul> <li>Retirement contribution adjustment (PERS)</li> </ul>	-19.4			
• Nonrecurrent items	-13.4			
California Community Colleges				
• 5.77 percent COLA for apportionments	93.2			
• 1.9 percent increase in funded ADA	22.8			
• Instructional equipment replacement		\$35.0		
Student Aid Commission				
<ul> <li>1,000 new Cal Grant B awards and an increase in maximum awards</li> </ul>	9.5			
Bilingual Teacher Grant program	-1.4			
<ul> <li>Purchase of defaulted student loans (federal funds)</li> </ul>		60.0		

# Description Description Description General Fund General Fund Special Funds General Fund Special Funds From 1985-86 General Funds From 1985-86 From 1985-86 General Funds From 1985-86 General Funds From 1985-86 From 1985-86 General Funds From 1985-86 General Funds From 1985-86 From 1985

Expenditure Change

### **GENERAL FUND REVENUES**

The overall condition of the General Fund depends upon both expenditures <u>and</u> revenues. In 1986-87, General Fund revenues and transfers are projected to reach \$31.1 billion. This is \$3.1 billion, or 11.1 percent, more than the most-recent estimate of revenues and transfers for 1985-86, adjusted for actual cash collections through June of 1986. The projected growth in 1986-87 revenues includes increases of \$901 million (8.8 percent) in sales and use taxes, \$1,343 million (11.8 percent) in personal income taxes, and \$596 million (15.5 percent) in bank and corporation taxes.

Table 13 shows the actions taken in connection with the 1986 Budget Act that had a significant effect on General Fund revenues. These actions reduced projected General Fund income by a total of \$61 million. Most of this reduction results from the Governor's recognition that surplus land at Agnews State Hospital will not be sold in 1986-87, as was originally assumed in the Governor's Budget. The "nonsale" of this land reduced projected General Fund income by \$75 million. This reduction was partially offset by one-time legislative actions which increased General Fund revenues by \$12.8 million, and a gubernatorial veto which increased the Employment Development Department (EDD) Contingent Fund transfer to the General Fund by \$1 million.

Table 13
The 1986 Budget Act

# Actions Affecting General Fund Revenues (dollars in millions)

	<u>1986-87</u>
ESTIMATED REVENUES PRIOR TO LEGISLATIVE ACTION	\$31,196.6 <sup>a</sup>
LESS: Sale of Land at Agnews State Hospital	-75.0
REVENUE CHANGES MADE BY THE LEGISLATURE	
One-time revenues: Tidelands Oil Transfer EDD Contingent Fund Transfer Consumer Affairs Fund Transfer	16.8 -5.3 1.3
SUBTOTAL, One-Time Legislative Changes	\$12.8
REVENUE CHANGES MADE BY THE GOVERNOR	٠.
EDD Contingent Fund Transfer	1.0
SUBTOTAL, Amounts Vetoed by the Governor	1.0
ESTIMATED REVENUES FOLLOWING ACTION BY THE GOVERNOR	\$31,135.4

## CONDITION OF THE GENERAL FUND

Table 14 shows the condition of the General Fund on June 30, 1986 and the effects on the General Fund of the revenue and expenditure programs approved for 1986-87.

The <u>actual</u> General Fund condition as of June 30, 1986 will not be known until September or October of 1986, when the State Controller reports revenues and expenditures for the year on an accrual accounting basis. Our current estimates of revenues and expenditures, however, indicate that the balance in the General Fund was \$413 million on June 30, 1986. Of this amount, \$381 million was uncommitted.

The Governor's spending plan for 1986-87 includes a Special Fund for Economic Uncertainties—the state's "rainy day fund"—of \$1,041 million. The Legislature, in Control Section 12.30, appropriated an amount necessary to bring the balance of the reserve up to the amount published in the Final Change Book for the 1986-87 fiscal year.

Based on the Department of Finance's revenue and expenditure projections by the Governor, we estimate that, absent any further changes to the budget, the balance in the General Fund on June 30, 1987 will be \$1,056 million. Of this amount, \$1,036 million will be uncommitted. If however, the Legislature approves the Governor's various proposals to increase net expenditures by \$101.8 million in 1986-87, the reserve on June 30, 1987 would be reduced to \$941 million.

Table 14

# Condition of the General Fund 1985-86 and 1986-87 (dollars in millions)

	1985-86	1986-87
Starting Balance, July 1 May Revision estimate LAO revisions Starting Balance, adjusted	\$1,400.2  \$1,400.2	\$619.6 -206.6 \$413.0
Revenues and Transfers May revision estimate Sale of Agnews Land Consumer Affairs Fund transfer EDD Contingent Fund transfer SAFCO transfer Subtotals, current DOF estimate LAO adjustments: Revenue Shortfall Revenues and Transfers, adjusted	28,126.6   \$28,126.6 -101.0 \$28,025.6	31,196.6 -75.0 1.3 -4.3 16.8 \$31,135.4
Expenditures May revision estimate Revised Deficiency Bill Schools-Basic Aid Districts DOF reductions disapproved Legislative Reductions Legislative Augmentations Governor's Vetoes: Rejected Augmentations Rejected baseline funding LAO adjustments: PERS contributions Loans to schools Total expenditures, as revised	28,907.2 49.8     55.8 \$29,012.8	30,760.0  5.0 112.5 -329.2 484.3 -422.5 -252.7 190.8 -55.8 \$30,492.4
ENDING BALANCE	\$413.0	\$1,056.0
Funds already committed: Carryover Appropriations Disaster Response-Operations Account Special Fund for Economic Uncertainty	26.1 6.0 380.9	7.7 6.0 1,035.7
Additional Adjustments Proposed by the Governor: PERS rate legislation Restoration of Vetoes Restoration of General Services funding Subtotals, effect of additional adjustmen		190.8 -283.1 -9.5 -\$101.8
Residual Balance in Special Fund for Economic Uncertainties if Governor's proposals are approved		\$940.5 <sup>a</sup>

a. This estimate does not reflect any potential threats to the General Fund from unforeseen costs, expenditure overruns, or revenue shortfalls.

## ALLOCATION OF TIDELANDS OIL AND GAS REVENUES

The amount of tidelands oil and gas revenues available for expenditure in 1986-87 is estimated at \$151 million. This amount includes \$51 million in prior-year revenues. This is less than the prior year revenues shown under the Governor's Budget because the Legislature did not approve portions of the Governor's proposal to revert prior appropriations in order to increase the amount available in 1986-87. As Table 15 shows, the Governor's Budget (as revised) proposed to spend \$146 million from these sources, leaving an unappropriated balance of \$7 million on June 30, 1986.

The Legislature approved total expenditures from tidelands oil revenues of \$125 million, and provided for the transfer of \$17 million to the General Fund. Subsequently, however, the Governor vetoed \$10 million appropriated from tidelands oil revenues.

The effect of the Governor's action was to increase the unappropriated balance in the Special Account for Capital Outlay by \$8.6 million. The Budget Act as chaptered, leaves a total of \$18.6 million in tidelands oil revenues unappropriated, consisting of \$2.0 million in the Capital Outlay Fund for Public Higher Education, and \$16.6 million in the Special Account for Capital Outlay.

Table 15 The 1986 Budget Act

# Distribution of Tidelands Oil and Gas Revenues (dollars in thousands)

	Governor's Budget	Legislative Action	Final Action
RESOURCES			
Balance available (all funds) Tidelands revenues	\$53,981 99,400	\$51,106 99,400	\$51,106 99,400
TOTALS, Resources	\$153,381	\$150,506	\$150,506
EXPENDITURES			
State Operations:			
Statutory California Water Fund Fisheries Restoration Fund Central Valley Project	\$13,737 5,854 5,000	\$13,187 5,854 5,000	\$13,187 5,854 5,000
Construction Fund Sea Grant Matching program Energy and Resources Fund (ERF) Housing Trust Fund Special Account for Capital	500 3,821 10,000	500 3,821 15,000	500 3,821 10,000
Outlay (SAFCO)	27,815	19,529	19,429
SUBTOTALS	\$66,727	\$62,891	\$57 <b>,</b> 791
Local Assistance:			
SAFCO	\$35,180	\$16,513	<u>\$11,513</u>
SUBTOTALS	\$35,180	\$16,513	\$11,513
Capital Outlay:			
COFPHE SAFCO	\$44,529	\$10,085 35,734	\$10,085 35,734
SUBTOTALS	\$44,529	<u>\$45,819</u>	\$45,819
TOTALS, Expenditures	\$146,436	\$125,283	\$115,123
BALANCE, Tidelands Revenues	\$6,945	\$25,283	\$35,383
Transfer to General Fund	()	(\$16,783)	(\$16,783)
Unappropriated Balance Available in COFPHE	(\$500)	(\$500)	(\$2,000)
Unappropriated Balance Available in SAFCO	(\$6,445)	(\$8,000)	(\$16,600)

### THE STATE WORKFORCE

The Budget Act, as signed by the Governor, includes funding for 233,786 personnel-years (all funds). As Table 16 shows, this is 348 personnel-years <u>less</u> than the number proposed by the Governor, and 2,707 personnel-years more than the administration's estimate of the number of personnel-years in 1985-86.

# Legislative Changes to the State Workforce

In January, the Governor proposed a state workforce of 233,098 personnel-years. Subsequently, the administration proposed an increase in the workforce of 1,035 personnel-years, thereby increasing the total to 234,134 personnel-years.

The Legislature added 368 personnel-years to the total proposed by the Governor. The major additions to the workforce approved by the Legislature were in the areas of health and welfare, resources, business, transportation and housing, and higher education.

# Personnel-Years Vetoed by the Governor

The Governor eliminated 716 personnel-years (all funds) from the budget approved by the Legislature. Significant personnel-year vetoes included the following:

# • Department of Developmental Services:

--158.4 personnel-years. This reduction reflects the Governor's proposal to continue contracting out for housekeeping services at state hospitals.

# Table 16 The 1986 Budget Act

# Summary of Actions Affecting the State Workforce (in personnel-years)

	Personnel-Years
Governor's Budget as introduced (January)	233,098
Changes proposed by the administration	1,035
Governor's Budget as revised (May)	234,134
Changes to the Governor's Budget made by the Legislature	368
Personnel-years approved by the Legislature	234,502
Personnel-years vetoed by the Governor	
Personnel-years approved for 1986-87	233,786
Number of personnel-years approved for 1986-87 compared with:	
Current year, 1985-86	231,079
Number Percent	2,707 1.2%
Governor's Budget as revised (May)	234,134
Number Percent	-348 -0.2%

# • State Water Resources Control Board:

--187 personnel-years. The largest portion of these, 158, would have been involved with the underground tank cleanup program. The other 29 were associated with the Toxic Pits Program.

# Changes in the Workforce from 1985-86

In January, the Governor proposed to increase the size of the state's workforce in 1986-87 by  $\underline{2,020~personnel-years}$ , or 1 percent, above what the budget estimated to be the level in 1985-86. The 1985 Budget Act, as chaptered, provides for a workforce that is  $\underline{2,707~personnel-years}$  greater than what the administration estimates the 1985-86 workforce to have been. Table 17 shows the distribution of these reductions among various program areas.

Table 17 The 1986 Budget Act

# Trends in State Employment 1977-78 through 1986-87 (in personnel-years)

	Legislative, Judicial and Executive	State, and Consumer	Business Transporta- tion and Housing	Resources	Health and Welfare	Youth and Adult Corrections	K-12 Education	Higher Education	General Government	<u>Total</u>
1977-78	8,649.9	10,784.2	32,327.8	14,192.5	39,531.8	12,613.2	2,673.7	92,394.6	8,173.7	221,341.4
1978-79	8,575.5	10,402.7	30,867.6	14,167.9	40,460.9	12,805.6	2,650.3	90,152.0	8,447.6	218,530.1
1979-80	8,713.7	10,671.3	31,293.4	13,779.5	42,325.2	12,548.6	2,665.0	89,840.5	8,355.3	220,192.5
1980-81	9,132.3	11,023.2	31,955.0	13,889.2	43,320.7	13,118.3	2,746.5	91,629.8	8,752.4	225,567.4
1981-82	9,418.3	11,325.3	31,859.4	14,373.0	41,589.7	13,934.6	2,796.1	93,988.5	9,528.5	228,813.4
1982-83	9,289.9	11,378.2	32,181.5	14,141.0	40,931.0	14,673.7	2,666.0	94,188.0	9,040.0	228,489.3
1983-84	9,486.1	11,255.7	33,092.2	13,518.6	39,288.0	15,336.1	2,547.6	93,091.6	9,079.3	226,695.2
1984-85	9,986.4	11,790.0	34,254.1	13,590.0	37,646.6	17,331.8	2,476.2	93,524.1	9,545.7	229,844.9
1985-86 (est.)	10,104.3	11,841.0	33,394.0	13,868.4	38,233.9	20,466.0	2,731.9	90,605.4	9,833.6	231,078.5
1986-87 (enact	10,285.5 ed)	11,874.8	33,386.4	14,173.4	37,371.8	22,713.0	2,722.2	91,175.6	10,083.2	233,785.9
Change of 1985-8										
Amount Percen		33.8 0.3	-7.6 	305.0 2.2	-862.1 -2.3	2,247.0 11.0	-9.7 -0.4	570.2 0.6	249.6 2.5	2,707.4 1.2