

# Budget Outlook



Presented to:

California County Superintendents Educational Services Association

February 19, 2016

**Legislative Analyst's Office** 

# **State Budget**



### Governor's Budget Expenditures

	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2016-17 Change Fro	om 2015-16
Fund Type	Revised	Revised	Proposed	Amount	Percent
General Fund	\$112,974	\$116,064	\$122,609	\$6,544	5.6%
Special funds	41,702	47,636	45,032	-2,604	-5.5
<b>Budget Totals</b>	\$154,676	\$163,700	\$167,641	\$3,941	2.4%
Selected bond funds	\$5,145	\$7,847	\$3,086	-\$4,761	-60.7%
Federal funds	90,049	99,761	91,899	-7,861	-7.9



## Reserves Grow Under Governor's Budget Plan

(In Millions)			
	2014-15 Revised	2015-16 Revised	2016-17 Proposed
Reserve Balances at the E	End of the Fiscal Year		
Reserve Balances at the E SFEU balance	End of the Fiscal Year \$2,733	\$4,206	\$2,230
	7	\$4,206 4,455	\$2,230 8,011

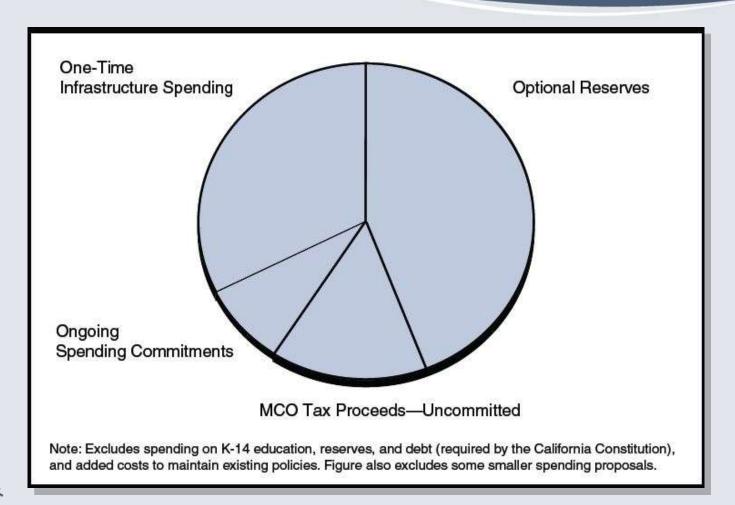


#### **Constitutional Spending Requirements**

- > Reserves
- > Proposition 2 Debt Payments
- **→ Proposition 98**



#### **Discretionary Spending Proposals**





# **Education Budget**



# **Updating Estimate of 2014-15 Minimum Guarantee**

	_	2014-15			
	June 2015 Estimate	January 2016 Estimate	Change		
Minimum Guarantee					
General Fund	\$49,608	\$49,554	-\$54		
Local property tax	16,695	17,136	441		
Totals	\$66,303	\$66,690	\$387		
Operative Test	1	1	-		
Key Factors					
General Fund tax revenue	\$112,068	\$111,975	-\$93		
Maintenance factor payment	\$5,402	\$5,392	-\$10		
K-12 average daily attendance	5,994,522	5,981,073	-13,449		



# Updating Estimate of 2015-16 Minimum Guarantee

		2015-16			
	June 2015 Estimate	January 2016 Estimate	Change		
Minimum Guarantee					
General Fund	\$49,416	\$49,992	\$575		
Local property tax	18,993	19,183	191		
Totals	\$68,409	\$69,175	\$766		
Operative Test	3	2	_		
Key Factors					
General Fund tax revenue	\$116,619	\$120,205	\$3,585		
Maintenance factor payment	<del>2</del>	\$810	\$810		
K-12 average daily attendance	5,995,889	5,976,227	-19,662		



## 2016-17 K-12 Funding

	2015-16	2016-17	Change From 2015-16	
	Revised	Proposed	Amount	Percent
K-12 Education				
General Fund	\$44,536	\$45,442	\$906	2.0%
Local property tax	16,560	17,802	1,242	7.5
Subtotals	(\$61,096)	(\$63,244)	(\$2,148)	(3.5%)



### Proposition 98 Property Tax Revenue Estimates

#### Reflects Governor's Budget (Dollars in Millions)

	2015-16	2016-17	Change Fro	om 2015-16
	Revised	Estimated	Amount	Percent
Local Property Tax Components				
Tax on assessed value	\$16,616	\$17,544	\$929	5.6%
End of "triple flip"	1,257	1,676	419	33.3
RDA ongoing revenue shift	1,008	1,045	36	3.6
Other local revenue	998	1,039	41	4.1
Excess tax revenue	-695	-690	5	-0.7
Totals	\$19,183	\$20,613	\$1,430	7.5%



## 2016-17 Proposition 98 Changes

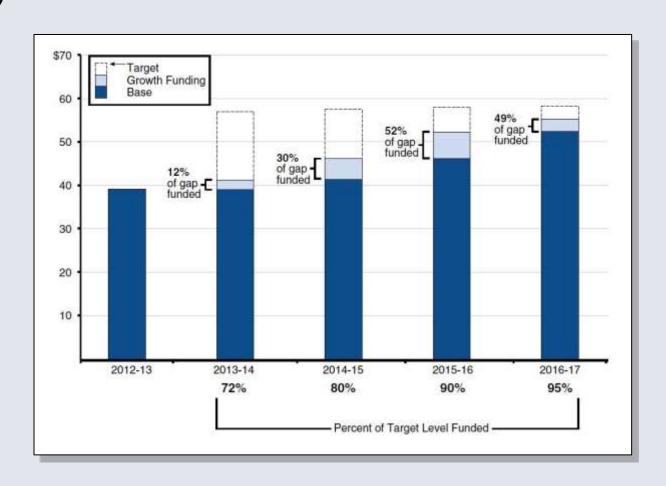
#### (In Millions)

Increase LCFF Funding Fund CTE Incentive Grant for Secondary Schools (year two of three) Provide 0.47 percent COLA for select categorical programs Fund truancy and dropout prevention program Fund High Speed Network Support Exploratorium Fund improvement of web-based tools for state accountability system Shift funding for transitional kindergarten and preschool into new block grant Remove prior-year augmentation for infants and toddlers with disabilities	\$2,825
Provide 0.47 percent COLA for select categorical programs Fund truancy and dropout prevention program Fund High Speed Network Support Exploratorium Fund improvement of web-based tools for state accountability system Shift funding for transitional kindergarten and preschool into new block grant	35. 50
Fund truancy and dropout prevention program Fund High Speed Network Support Exploratorium Fund improvement of web-based tools for state accountability system Shift funding for transitional kindergarten and preschool into new block grant	240 <sup>a</sup>
Fund High Speed Network Support Exploratorium Fund improvement of web-based tools for state accountability system Shift funding for transitional kindergarten and preschool into new block grant	23
Support Exploratorium Fund improvement of web-based tools for state accountability system Shift funding for transitional kindergarten and preschool into new block grant	7
Fund improvement of web-based tools for state accountability system Shift funding for transitional kindergarten and preschool into new block grant	5 <sup>b</sup>
Shift funding for transitional kindergarten and preschool into new block grant	4
	1
Remove prior-vear augmentation for infants and toddlers with disabilities	0
	-30
Total	\$3,073



# Tracking Funding for Local Control Funding Formula

(In Billions)





#### **Assessment of Overall Plan**

- > General Fund Revenue Estimates Solid
- > Property Tax Estimates Too Low
- Cushion Against Economic Downturn Small



## **Preschool**



## Major Preschool Programs in California: Eligibility Criteria

	Center-Based Voucher Programs	California State Preschool	Transitional Kindergarten	Head Start
Eligibility				
Family income eligibility cap	70 percent of state median income	70 percent of state median income	None	100 percent of federal poverty level
Income cap for family of three (2015-16)	\$42,216	\$42,216	N/A	\$20,090
Work requirement	Yes	Yes for full-day program	No	No
Age eligibility criteria	Two through five-year olds	Three-and four-year olds	Four-year olds with birthdays between September 2 and December 2	Three-and four- year olds
Four-year olds served (2015-16 estimates)	5,400	138,400	83,000	46,400



## Major Preschool Programs in California: Standards

	Center-Based Voucher Programs	California State Preschool	Transitional Kindergarten	Head Start
Teacher Qualifications	Child Development Associate Credential (12 units in ECE).	Child Development Teacher Permit (24 units of ECE plus 16 general education units).	Bachelor's degree and Multiple Subject Teaching Credential and a Child Development Teacher Permit.	Half of teachers must have a bachelor's degree in ECE or a bachelor's degree with ECE experience. Rest of teachers must have associate's degree in ECE.
Staffing Ratios	1:12 teacher-child ratio or 1 teacher and 1 aide per 15-18 children.	1:24 teacher-child ratio and 1:8 adult-child ratio.	1:33 maximum teacher-child ratio.	1:20 teacher-child ratio and 1:10 adult to child ratio.
Developmental Standards	None.	Developmentally appropriate activities designed to facilitate transition to kindergarten.	Locally developed, modified kindergarten curriculum.	The Head Start Early Learning Outcomes Framework.



# Major Preschool Programs in California: Funding

	Center-Based Voucher Programs	California State Preschool	Transitional Kindergarten	Head Start
Funding				
Method of payment	State provides funds to providers on behalf of families	State directly contracts with providers	State provides funds through LCFF	5-year federal grant directly to providers
Total funding for four-year olds (2015-16 estimates)	\$60 million	\$740 million	\$690 million	\$420 million
Annual funding per child (2015-16)	Average of \$10,600 for full-time program	\$4,200 (part day) and \$9,600 (full day)	Average of \$8,500	Average of \$9,100



#### Preschool: Governor's Proposal

- > Consolidate Three Funding Streams
- > Prioritize Low-Income and At-Risk Children
- > Allow Eligibility to Be Determined Locally
- > Allow Discretion in Determining Services
- Address Other Details in Months Ahead



#### **Preschool: Assessment**

#### **>** Positives:

- Consolidating funds.
- Focusing on low-income and at-risk children.

#### > Shortcomings:

- Allowing eligibility to be determined locally.
- Lack of plan to keep funds linked with children.



#### **Preschool: LAO Recommendations**

- Consolidate All Preschool Funding
- > Establish Eligibility Criteria
- > Link Funding to Children
- ➤ Offer Full-Day Program to Working Families
- Require Developmentally Appropriate Activities
- > Phase In



## **Education Mandates**



# **Funding for Education Mandates Backlog Since 2010-11**

(In Millions)

Year Funding Provided	K-12 Education	Community Colleges	Totals
2010-11	\$187	\$23	\$210
2014-15	400	50	450
2015-16	3,205	632	3,837
Totals	\$3,792	\$705	\$4,497



#### Mandate Backlog: Governor's Proposal

- > Provides \$1.3 billion for K-12 backlog
- > Distributes on per-student basis (\$214)



#### Mandate Backlog: Assessment

- ➤ Half of School Districts and One-Third of COEs Have No Outstanding Claims
- Large Variation in Remaining Claims
- ➤ Retiring Backlog on Per-Student Basis Unrealistic



# Distribution of LEAs' Outstanding Mandate Claims

#### Claims per Student

	Share With Claims	Minimum Claim	Median Claim	Maximum Claim
School districts	50%	a	\$400	\$8,673
County offices of education	69	\$148	2,649	29,719
Community college districts	14	183	1,514	5,001
<sup>a</sup> Actual value of claim is \$0.39 per stu Note: Local education agencies (LEA		ing balances have	e been omitted.	*



#### Mandate Backlog: LAO Recommendations

- ➤ Create \$2.6 Billion Payment Plan
- > Provide \$450 Per Student
- ➤ Provide COEs Extra \$20 Per Student for Countywide ADA
- > Provide COEs Minimum Grant
- ➤ Write-off Remaining Claims Through 2015-16



# **Special Education**



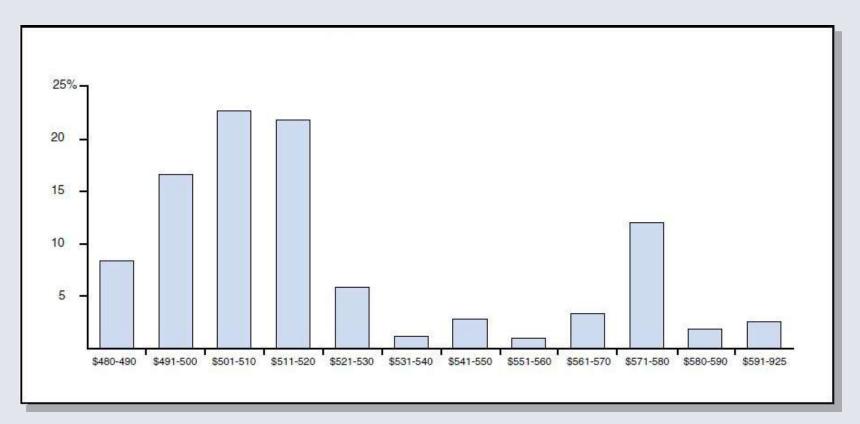
#### Special Education: Governor's Proposals

- ➤ Remove Last Year's \$30 Million Augmentation for Infant and Toddler Programs
- ➤ Provide \$30 Million (One Time) for Schoolwide Systems of Support



# Special Education Per-Student Funding Rates Vary

#### Share of Statewide Attendance, 2013-14





#### Special Education: Recommendations

- **➢ Provide \$140 Million for Equalization**
- Undertake Comprehensive Study of Infant and Toddler Programs
- ➤ Reject \$30 Million Augmentation for Schoolwide Systems of Support



# Local Control Funding Formula for for County Offices of Education



## 21 COEs at Their LCFF Target Funding Levels

Based on LAO Estimates, 2015-16

Funding Level	County Offices of Education (COEs)	
At LCFF Target (21 COEs)	Alameda	San Benito
Salada Sa	Alpine	San Francisco
	Colusa	Shasta
	El Dorado	Sierra
	Humboldt	Siskiyou
	Kern	Trinity
	Kings	Tulare
	Madera	Tuolumne
	Modoc	Yolo
	Nevada	Yuba
	Orange	



## **Almost Two-Thirds of COEs Funded Above LCFF Target**

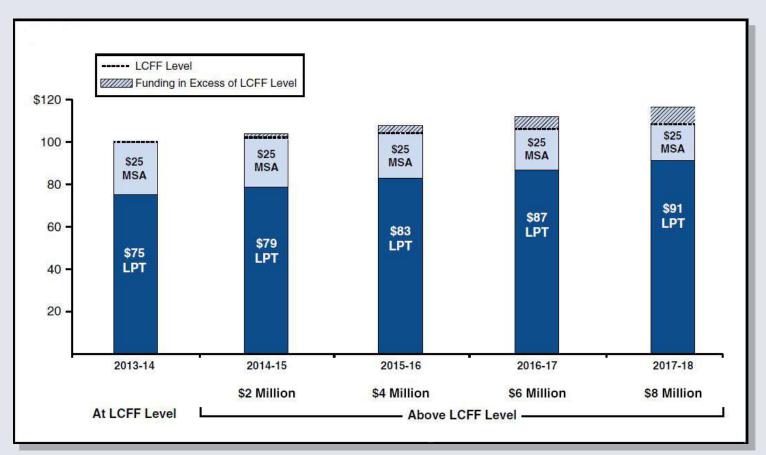
#### Based on LAO Estimates, 2015-16

Funding Level	County Offices of Education (COEs)	
101 Percent to 150 Percent	Amador	Mariposa
Above LCFF Target (22 COEs)	Butte	Placer
	Calaveras	Sacramento
	Contra Costa	San Bernardino
	Fresno	San Joaquin
	Imperial	Santa Cruz
	Lake	San Luis Obispo
	Lassen	Solano
	Los Angeles	Sonoma
	Merced	Tehama
	Monterey	Ventura
151 Percent to 260 Percent Above LCFF Target (15 COEs)	Del Norte	Riverside
	Glenn	San Diego
	Inyo	Santa Barbara
	Marin	Santa Clara
	Mendocino	San Mateo
	Mono	Stanislaus
	Napa	Sutter
	Plumas	



# Illustration of How COE Minimum State Aid Is Working at Cross-Purposes With LCFF

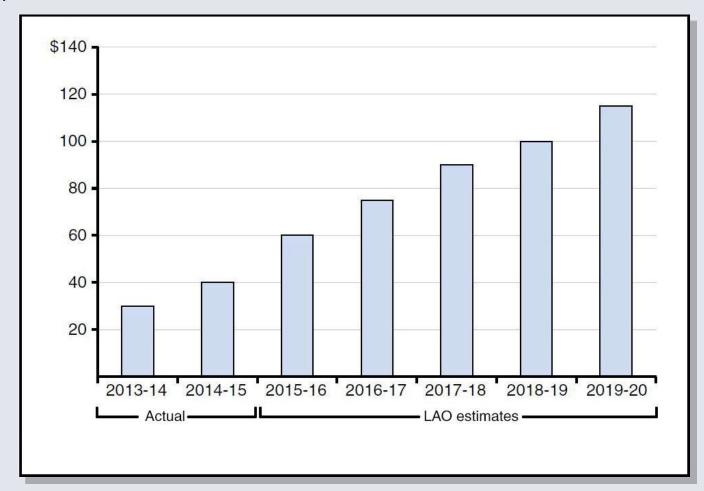
(In Millions)





# COE Minimum State Aid Obligations Are Growing

(In Millions)





## **Other Issues**



#### **Other Issues**

- > Proposition 30 Tax Extension
- > CalSTRS and CalPERS Cost Increases
- > State School Deposit/Local Reserve Caps



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