

January 26, 2011

# The 2011-12 Higher Education Budget in Context

#### LEGISLATIVE ANALYST'S OFFICE

Presented to:

Senate Budget and Fiscal Review Subcommittee No. 1

On Education

Hon. Carol Liu, Chair







Governor proposes net \$1.8 billion General Fund reduction for higher education.

#### Components of Net \$1.8 Billion General Fund Reduction For Higher Education

#### Decreases

- \$500 million unallocated reduction for UC.
- \$500 million unallocated reduction for CSU.
- \$400 million unallocated reduction for CCC.
- \$129 million "deferral" of some CCC apportionment funding from 2011-12 to 2012-13.
- \$947 million reduction in General Fund support for the California Student Aid Commission (CSAC), replaced with the same amount of federal funding.

#### Increases

- \$371 million augmentation to cover increased Cal Grant costs.
- \$212 million augmentation to backfill one-time federal funding in the universities' 2010-11 budget.
- \$70 million augmentation to backfill one-time Student Loan Operating Fund support in CSAC's 2010-11 budget.

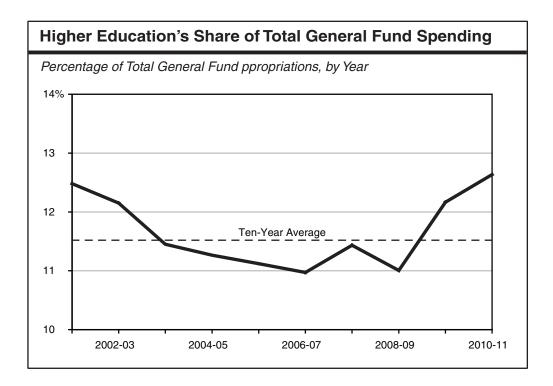


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Higher education's share of total General Fund spending has been volatile.

- Over the past decade, funding ranged from less than 11 percent to 12.6 percent.
- Ten-year average is 11.6 percent.
- Governor's proposal would return higher education's share to 11.6 percent.



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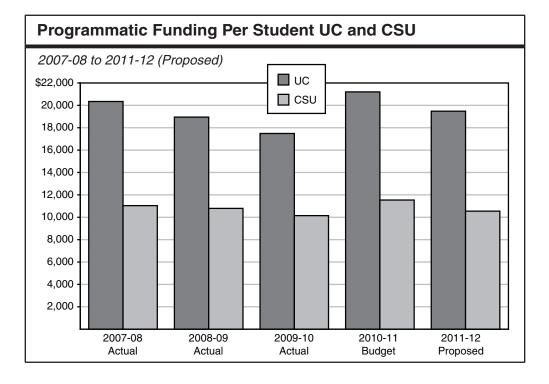


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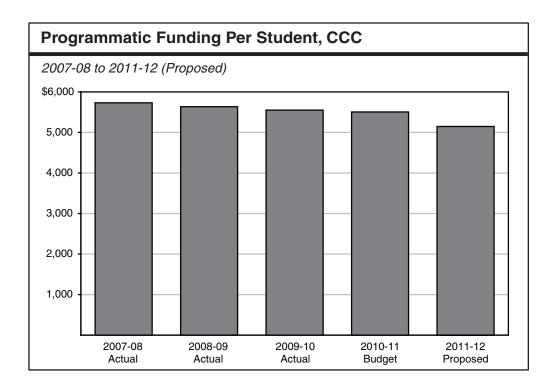
Core higher education funding is up slightly from pre-recession levels.

- Increased tuition has more than backfilled universities' General Fund reductions.
- Community college funding is down about 4 percent.





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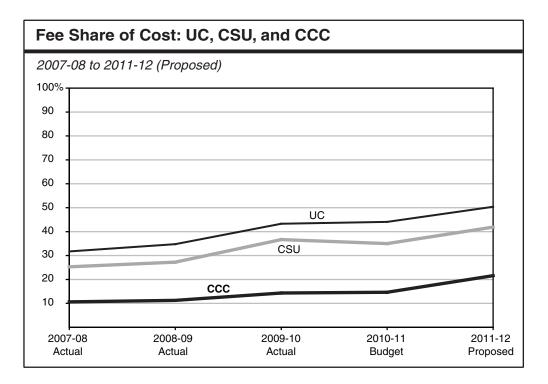


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Students paying a larger share of cost than in 2007-08.

 Cal Grants and institutional aid programs have been spared budget cuts; total General Fund support has increased about \$900 million.





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## **UC and CSU Budget Reductions**

- The University of California (UC) and the California State University (CSU) escaped budget reductions in the current year.
  - In fact, they received augmentations of about \$350 million each.
  - Per-student funding is about 4.5 percent higher than in 2007-08.

Governor proposes \$500 million in unallocated reductions for UC and CSU in 2011-12.

- Net General Fund reductions would be less than this, due to backfill of federal stimulus funds (\$106 million) and other base adjustments.
- Approved tuition increases at UC and CSU would backfill \$116 million and \$147 million, respectively, of the proposed General Fund reductions.
- Assuming no further tuition increases and no reduction to budgeted enrollment levels, the universities would have to absorb year-to-year reductions in per-student funding of about 8 percent.

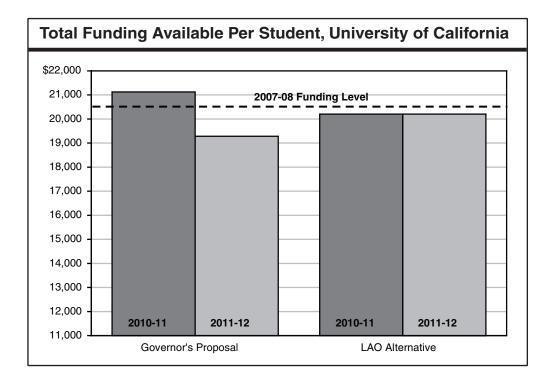


### UC and CSU Budget Reductions (Continued)



LAO assessment: proposed General Fund savings are reasonable.

- Given the magnitude of the state's budget shortfall and the universities' current-year augmentations, we believe the magnitude of the proposed cuts is reasonable.
- However, we recommend achieving some of the General Fund savings by reducing the universities' current-year augmentations.



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### UC and CSU Budget Reductions (Continued)



Key Issue: How should universities absorb proposed cuts?

- Governor calls for "minimiz[ing] fee and enrollment impacts on students by targeting actions that lower the cost of instruction." Should the Legislature express its expectations in this regard?
- What should budgeted enrollment levels be?
- Should further tuition increases backfill more of the General Fund reductions?
- Should noninstructional costs be reduced?